As a psychiatrist who specializes in both the psychopharmacology and cognitive-behavioral therapy of obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD) and related conditions, I couldn’t be more excited to serve as guest editor of this edition of Psychiatric Annals. The amount of suffering and disability from this condition is often under-recognized. In fact, it is one of the top 20 causes of illness-related disability worldwide for individuals between the ages of 18 and 44 years. In addition, individuals with OCD tend to experience a tremendous amount of shame related to their symptomatology, which often leads them to suffer in silence. Even in the context where an individual with OCD decides to seek treatment, it often takes many years before proper treatment is obtained. Finding a psychiatrist with an understanding of the basic best practice principles in OCD treatment is often a challenge for patients. This issue is devoted to furthering psychiatrists’ knowledge of OCD and provides a much-needed resource that describes the best practice approaches in OCD and also discusses treatments that are still under study.

In the article “Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder: Overview and Standard Treatment Strategies,” I had an opportunity to collaborate with a pioneer in OCD research, Dr. Eric Hollander, and Dr. Rebecca J. Hamblin in creating a discussion of the basics in OCD. The epidemiology, pathophysiology, and assessment and treatment approaches for OCD are reviewed. Importantly, assessment tools and exposure and response prevention (ERP) are discussed. We also included a discussion on reassurance-seeking behavior in OCD, which is often a subtle symptom that goes unrecognized in treatment. We also review standard as well as more complex medication approaches, including use of clomipramine/fluvoxamine combination and various augmentation strategies. Rationale behind minimum 12-week trials of at least moderate doses of serotonin reuptake inhibitors is also provided.

Dr. Christopher Pittenger, a leading expert in the area of glutamate-modulating approaches in OCD, then gives an overview of the glutamate system and how it relates to the pathophysiology of OCD. He also describes studies of agents that have been examined for the treatment of OCD, including memantine, riluzole.
ketamine, D-cycloserine, glycine, N-acetylcysteine, topiramate, and lamotrigine, and discusses the need for further research in this area.

Finally, Dr. Stefano Pallanti (a leading expert in neuromodulatory approaches for OCD) and colleagues discuss the use of deep-brain stimulation in the treatment of severe, treatment-refractory OCD. The authors also describe repetitive and deep transcranial magnetic stimulation and discuss the use of this approach in OCD. They conclude with a discussion of unanswered questions and directions for future research.

Please enjoy this issue of Psychiatric Annals on OCD and please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.

REFERENCE

doi: 10.3928/00485713-20150602-03

about the guest editor

Phillip J. Seibell, MD, specializes in the research and treatment of obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD), related conditions, anxiety disorders, and eating disorders. While a resident at Mount Sinai in New York City, he joined Dr. Eric Hollander’s group and obtained specialized training in all aspects of OCD and related conditions, including research, pharmacological treatment, and cognitive-behavioral treatment in the form of exposure and response prevention.

After his residency, he was an attending psychiatrist at Mount Sinai and then at Cornell, where he developed an outpatient program for OCD and related conditions, and he was an attending in the eating disorders program under the direction of Dr. Evelyn Attia. Dr. Seibell graduated from the International OCD Foundation’s Behavior Therapy Training Institute in 2013. In 2014, he joined the staff of Rogers Behavioral Health-Tampa Bay, where he works with Dr. Eric Storch and provides specialized treatment in partial hospitalization and intensive outpatient settings for OCD, related conditions, anxiety disorders, and eating disorders. In addition, he regularly gives talks on OCD and related conditions at national conferences and has published scholarly articles and coauthored an OCD treatment manual that is updated yearly and published by the BMJ Group. Dr. Seibell is an active member of the Anxiety and Depression Association of America (ADAA) and a participant in the ADAA’s Career Development Leadership Program. He is also an active member of the International OCD Foundation, was recently named a Fellow of the American Psychiatric Association, and was recently appointed as Affiliate Assistant Professor of Psychiatry at the Morsani College of Medicine at the University of South Florida.

Address correspondence to Phillip J. Seibell, MD, Rogers Behavioral Health-Tampa Bay, 2002 N. Lois Avenue, Suite 400, Tampa, FL 33607; email: pseibell@rogersbh.org.