Effects of Perceived Educational Support on Usage of an Internet Nursing Reference Center

1. Using evidence to provide patient care:
   A. Increases nursing research budgets.
   B. Hardwires outcomes to nursing interventions.
   C. Requires many hours of study and preparation.
   D. Decreases nursing practice interventions.

2. The theory of perceived organizational support posits that the:
   A. Employee is valued by the employer.
   B. Employer is not concerned with the well-being of the employee.
   C. Employee should demonstrate a clear sense of self-worth to be recognized.
   D. Employer should be valued by the employee.

3. The intention and perception of control related to an outcome reflects the theories of:
   A. Perceived intent and organizational support.
   B. Reasoned action and planned behavior.
   C. Deductive logic and rational thought.
   D. Inductive reasoning and common sense.

4. The independent variable in the study on perceived educational support was:
   A. Nurses’ time usage of the product.
   B. Reliance on the librarian for article identification.
   C. Existence of a centrally located, standard-use computer.
   D. Visits from the nurse researcher.

5. The analysis of data indicated that perceived educational support:
   A. Fostered use of the online reference center.
   B. Had no effect on use of the online reference center.
   C. Increased the demands on the librarian for article searches.
   D. Lessened requests of the librarian for article searches.

6. Support for the use of a new electronic nursing database should be coupled with an:
   A. Affiliation with a college or university.
   B. Increased nursing budget and staff.
   C. Increased requirement for degree preparation.
   D. Open access and convenient location.

7. Providing open access to an online nursing reference center can:
   A. Necessitate the pursuit of advanced degrees in clinical nursing.
B. Improve relationships between physicians and nurses.
C. Increase the use of evidence in developing policies.
D. Reduce the time that nurses stay at the bedside.

8. An independent variable is one that:
A. Can be manipulated to determine the effects of an outcome.
B. Demonstrates the impact of a program.
C. Determines that the intervention has occurred.
D. Has very little association with other variables in the study.

9. Aggregation of data allows the researcher to:
A. Identify individual participant’s usage time.
B. Ascertain trends over time.
C. Maintain the anonymity of individual users.
D. Access larger data sets.

10. Access alone to the online reference center:
A. Motivated most nurses to take advantage of it.
B. Resulted in low to no usage.
C. Had no effect on usage.
D. Increased usage among nurses, both in the hospital and from home.

CNE QUIZ ANSWERS

1. B  6. D
2. A  7. C
3. B  8. A
4. D  9. C
5. A  10. B