Simulation-Based Team Training and Debriefing to Enhance Nursing and Physician Collaboration

1. Evidence shows that medical errors are frequently associated with ineffective:
   A. Communication.
   B. Staff orientation.
   C. Staff assignments.
   D. Documentation.

2. A team is defined as a group that:
   A. Functions best if all members have similar backgrounds.
   B. Aims to make decisions and perform specific tasks to achieve a common set of objectives.
   C. Works best under stress and is dependent on the leader to reach its goals.
   D. Depends on a physician who is trained as a team player.

3. A priority for effective team-based approaches to enhance patient safety is:
   A. Education of administration.
   B. Multidisciplinary care.
   C. Coaching ancillary staff members.
   D. Interprofessional team training.

4. A positive outcome of effective team communication leads to:
   A. Improved analytical problem solving.
   B. Decreased staff stress.
   C. Strengthened team focus.
   D. Increased function of the leader.

5. In the analysis, four categories emerged—leadership, closed-loop communication, situational awareness, and:
   A. Role diversity.
   B. Role clarity.
   C. Role distinction.
   D. Role transparency.

6. Situational awareness is the:
   A. Scenario-specific term for level of awareness and understanding.
   B. Final step in the decision-making process.
   C. Global term for level of awareness and understanding.
   D. Outcome of the decision-making process.
7. A leader applying “situational awareness” in a crisis would:
   A. Ask, “Please tell me what’s happening.”
   B. Notify nursing administration.
   C. Functionally assign responsibilities.
   D. Delegate charge duties.

8. The purpose of debriefing is to:
   A. Critique teaching methods.
   B. Provide a psychologically safe environment to talk.
   C. Prevent team members from discussing sensitive situations.
   D. Evaluate the effectiveness of the team leader.

9. During debriefing, participant feedback suggested the role of a leader was to:
   A. Assist team members to focus on their job.
   B. Participate with procedures to assure the best patient care.
   C. Provide direction, structure, and support for team members.
   D. Delegate authority to one individual for the team.

10. The authors state that a strength of this study was the use of:
    A. Professional facilitators.
    B. Randomization.
    C. Multicenters.
    D. Descriptive qualitative research.

CNE QUIZ ANSWERS

1. A 6. C
2. B 7. A
3. D 8. B
5. B 10. D