1. According to the World Health Organization (2012), a new case of dementia is diagnosed every:
   A. 4 seconds.
   B. 8 seconds.
   C. 4 minutes.
   D. 8 minutes.

2. Behavioral and psychological symptoms of dementia are:
   A. an expression of despair.
   B. the language of unmet needs.
   C. seen only in early dementia.
   D. suggestive of aggressive behavior.

3. According to the Need-Driven Dementia-Compromised Behavior model, behavioral symptoms are regarded as:
   A. traumatic events.
   B. measurements of distress.
   C. signs of advancing dementia.
   D. unmet needs.

4. A common behavioral characteristic of the need for a bowel movement is:
   A. facial expression of sorrow.
   B. speaking in a loud voice.
   C. constant wringing of hands.
   D. vigorous belly rubbing.

5. A common expression of the need for urination is:
   A. rapid walking.
   B. yelling.
   C. anxiety.
   D. verbal assault.
6. An appropriate nursing intervention to manage both bowel and urination needs is:
   A. confinement to a small area.
   B. timed and prompted toileting.
   C. constant use of pads and other absorbent aids.
   D. reliance on medications.

7. A frequent and shared behavior with bowel and bladder toileting difficulties is:
   A. repeating words.
   B. smiling.
   C. holding hands.
   D. restlessness.

8. A patient with discomfort from constipation can exhibit:
   A. throwing objects.
   B. asking for a toilet.
   C. scratching.
   D. rapid walking.

9. A patient experiencing urinary incontinence may exhibit:
   A. constant moaning.
   B. poor appetite.
   C. abusive language.
   D. exposing themselves.

10. The study found the least frequent behavioral characteristic common to both bowel and bladder needs was:
    A. tearing materials.
    B. aimless wandering.
    C. harming themselves.
    D. verbal assault.

CNE Answers
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